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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/089,025	06/21/2002	Anthony Hooley	KEM1.N.80540B	9464	
3775 FLMAN TECH	7590 06/05/2007 HNOLOGY LAW, P.C.	EXAMINER			
P. O. BOX 209			KURR, JASON RICHARD		
SWARTHMOI	RE, PA 19081		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2615		
		•			
•			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/05/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/089,02	25	HOOLEY ET AL.			
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Jason R. h		2615			
	The MAILING DATE of this commun						
Period for	• •						
WHI0 - Extended after - If No - Failer Any	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Necessions of time may be available under the provisionary SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this composer period for reply is specified above, the maximum sure to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF THE s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no even munication. It statutory period will apply and will by will, by statute, cause the apply and will apply and will by will, by statute, cause the apply and will apply and will by will, by statute, cause the apply and will be statute.	HIS COMMUNICA ent, however, may a repl ill expire SIX (6) MONTH lication to become ABAN	ATION. ly be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) fil	led on <u>08 March 2007</u> .					
		NAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the pract	tice under Ex parte Qu	iayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	tion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 224-242 is/are pending in	the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	Claim(s) <u>224-242</u> is/are rejected.						
•	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restri	iction and/or election r	equirement.				
Applica	tion Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the	he Examiner.		·			
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are						
	Applicant may not request that any obj						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including						
11)[The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. No	ote the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	n for foreign priority un	der 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).			
) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	• • •	_				
	1. Certified copies of the priority	y documents have bee	en received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority	y documents have bee	en received in Ap	plication No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies	s of the priority docume	ents have been r	eceived in this National Stage			
	application from the Internati						
*	See the attached detailed Office acti	ion for a list of the cert	ified copies not re	eceived.			
			,				
Attach	nt(c)						
Attachme	int(s) ice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Su	ummary (PTO-413)			
2) 🔲 Not	ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review		Paper No(s)	/Mail Date formal Patent Application			
	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08 per No(s)/Mail Date 12/21/06, 2/23/07.))	6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 224-236 and 238-242 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Greenberger (US 5,870,484).

With respect to claim 224, Greenberger discloses a method of causing plural input signals (fig.13a "L,R") representing respective channels to appear to emanate from respective different positions in space (col.3 ln.31-55), said method comprising: providing a sound reflective or resonant surface at each of said positions in space (fig.8a-d); providing an array of output transducers distal from positions in space (fig.13a "Not Labeled"); directing, using said array of output transducers, sound waves of each channel towards the respective position in space to cause said sound waves to be retransmitted by said reflective or resonant surface (col.3 ln.31-55); said step of directing comprising: obtaining, in respect of each transducer, a delayed replica of each input signal delayed by a respective delay (fig.13a "Delay") selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective output transducer and said respective position in space such that the sound waves of the channel are directed towards the position in

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space in respect of that channel (col.11 ln.16-67, col.12 ln.1-2); summing, in respect of each transducer, the respective delayed replicas of each input signal to produce an output signal (fig.13a "sum"); and routing the output signals to the respective transducers (fig.13a).

With respect to claim 225, Greenberger discloses a method according to claim 224, wherein said step of obtaining, in respect of each output transducer, a delayed replica of the input signal comprises: replicating said input signal to obtain a replica signal in respect of each output transducer (col.30 ln.35-39); delaying each replica of said input signal by said respective delay selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective output transducer and said respective position in space (fig.13a "delay", col.57 ln.60-67, col.58 ln.1-54).

With respect to claim 226, Greenberger discloses a method according to claim 224 further comprising: calculating, before said delaying step, the respective delays in respect of each input signal replica by: determining the distance between each output transducer and the position in space in respect of that input signal; deriving respective delay values such that the sound waves from each transducer for a single channel arrive at said position in space simultaneously (col.58 ln.39-54).

With respect to claim 227, Greenberger discloses a method according to claim 224 further comprising: inverting one of said plural input signals; obtaining, in respect of each output transducer, a delayed replica of said inverted input signal delayed by a respective delay selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective transducer, so that sound waves derived from said inverted input signal are directed at

a position in space so as to cancel out at least partially sound waves derived from that input signal at that position in space (col.2 ln.36-54).

With respect to claim 228, Greenberger discloses a method according to claim 227, wherein said step of obtaining, in respect of each output transducer, a delayed replica of said inverted input signal comprises: replicating said inverted input signal to obtain a replica signal in respect of each output transducer (col.30 ln.35-39); delaying each replica of said inverted input signal by a respective predetermined delay selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective output transducer (col.57 ln.60-67, col.58 ln.1-54).

With respect to claim 229, Greenberger discloses a method according to claim 227, wherein said inverted input signal is scaled so that the sound waves derived from said inverted input signal cancel sound waves derived from that input signal at said position in space (col.11 ln.19-37, col.14 ln.19-36).

With respect to claim 230, Greenberger discloses a method according to claim 229, wherein said scaling is selected by determining, in respect of the input signal which has been inverted, the magnitude of sound waves at said position in space and selecting said scaling so that sound waves derived from said inverted input signal have the same magnitude at that position (col.58 ln.1-4).

With respect to claim 231, Greenberger discloses a method according to claim 224, wherein at least one of said surfaces is provided by a wall of a room or other permanent structure (col.77 ln.42-60).

With respect to claim 232, Greenberger discloses an apparatus for causing plural input signals (fig.13a "L,R") representing respective channels to appear to emanate from respective different positions in space (col.3 ln.31-55), said apparatus comprising: a sound reflective or resonant surface at each of said positions in space (fig.8a-d); an array of output transducers distal from said positions in space (fig.13a "Not Labeled"); and a controller (fig.13a "Delay Spatial Control", "Level Spatial Control") for directing, using said array of output transducers, sound waves of each channel towards that channel's respective position in space such that said sound waves are re-transmitted by said reflective or resonant surface; said controller comprising replication (col.30 ln.35-39) and delay means (fig.13a "Delay") arranged to obtain, in respect of each transducer, a delayed replica of the input signal delayed by a respective delay selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective output transducer and said respective position in space such that the sound waves of the channel are directed towards the position in space in respect of that input signal (col.57 ln.60-67, col.58 ln.1-54); adder means arranged to sum (fig.13a "sum"), in respect of each transducer, the respective delayed replicas of each input signal to produce an output signal; and means to route the output signals to the respective transducers such that the channel sound waves are directed towards the position in space in respect of that input signal (fig. 13a).

With respect to claim 233, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 232, wherein said controller further comprises: calculation means for calculating the respective delays in respect of each input signal replica by: determining the distance between each output transducer and the position in space in respect of that input signal;

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deriving respective delay values such that the sound waves from each transducer for a single channel arrive at said position in space simultaneously (col.58 ln.39-54).

With respect to claim 234, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 232, wherein said controller further comprises: an inverter for inverting one of said plural input signals; second replication and delay means (fig.13a "Delay") arranged to obtain, in respect of each output transducer, a delayed replica of said inverted input signal delayed by a respective delay selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective transducer and a second position in space so that sound waves derived from said inverted input signal are directed at said second position in space so as to cancel out at least partially sound waves derived from that input signal at said second position in space (col.2 ln.36-54). It is inherent that an inverter can be used to achieve a phase-inverted signal as does the cross talk canceller of Greenberger.

With respect to claim 235, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 234, wherein said controller further comprises a scaler (fig.13a "Level Spatial Control") for scaling said inverted input signal so that the sound waves derived from said inverted input signal substantially cancel sound waves derived from that input signal at said second position in space (col.58 ln.1-4).

With respect to claim 236, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 232, wherein said surfaces are reflective and have a roughness on the scale of a wavelength of sound frequency it is desired to diffusely reflect (fig.8a-d).

With respect to claim 238, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according claim 233, wherein at least one of said surfaces is a wall of a room or other permanent structure (col.77 ln.42-60).

With respect to claim 239, Greenberger discloses an apparatus for causing plural input signals (fig.13a "R,L") representing respective channels to appear to emanate from respective different positions in space (col.3 ln.31-55), said apparatus comprising: an array of output transducers distal from said positions in space (fig.13a "Not Labeled"); and a controller (fig.13a "Delay Spatial Control", "Level Spatial Control") for directing, using said array of output transducers, sound waves of each channel towards that channel's respective position in space such that said sound waves are retransmitted by said reflective or resonant surface (col.3 ln.31-55); said controller comprising: replication (col.30 ln.35-39) and delay means (fig.13a "Delay") arranged to obtain, in respect of each transducer, a delayed replica of the input signal delayed by a respective delay selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective output transducer and said respective position in space such that the sound waves of the channel are directed towards the position in space in respect of that input signal (col.57 ln.60-67, co.58 ln.1-54); adder means arranged to sum (fig.13a "sum"), in respect of each transducer, the respective delayed replicas of each input signal to produce an output signal; and means to route the output signals to the respective transducers such that the channel sound waves are directed towards the position in space in respect of that input signal (fig. 13a).

With respect to claim 240, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 239, wherein said controller further comprises: calculation means for calculating the respective delays in respect of each input signal replica by: determining the distance between each output transducer and the position in space in respect of that input signal; deriving respective delay values such that the sound waves from each transducer for a single channel arrive at said position in space simultaneously (col.58 ln.39-54).

With respect to claim 241, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 239, wherein said controller further comprises: an inverter for inverting one of said plural input signals; second replication (col.30 ln.35-39) and delay means (fig.13a "Delay") arranged to obtain, in respect of each output transducer, a delayed replica of said inverted input signal delayed by a respective delay selected in accordance with the position in the array of the respective transducer and a second position in space so that sound waves derived from said inverted input signal are directed at said second position in space so as to cancel out at least partially sound waves derived from that input signal at said second position in space (col.2 ln.36-54). It is inherent that an inverter can be used to achieve a phase-inverted signal as does the cross talk cancellation disclosed by Greenberger.

With respect to claim 242, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 241, wherein said controller further comprises: an inverter for inverting one of said plural input signals; second replication (col.30 ln.35-39) and delay means (fig.13a "Delay") arranged to obtain, in respect of each output transducer, a delayed replica of said inverted input signal delayed by a respective delay selected in accordance with the

position in the array of the respective transducer and a second position in space so that sound waves derived from said inverted input signal are directed at said second position in space so as to cancel out at least partially sound waves derived from that input signal at said second position in space (col.2 ln.36-54). It is inherent that an inverter can be used to achieve a phase-inverted signal as does the cross talk cancellation disclosed by Greenberger.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 237 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Greenberger (US 5,870,484).

With respect to claim 237, Greenberger discloses an apparatus according to claim 232, however does not disclose expressly wherein said surfaces are optically-transparent.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include optically transparent windows in the walls of Greenberger.

The motivation for doing so would have been to allow a user to visibly see into an opposing room or to view the environment outside of the room.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see page 8 of the Remarks, filed March 8, 2007, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 224, 232 and 239 under U.S.C. 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Greenberger (US 5,870,484).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jason R. Kurr whose telephone number is (571) 272-0552. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 10:00am to 6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on (571) 273-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JK

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